Standard Specification for Free-Cutting Brass Rod, Bar and Shapes for Use in Screw Machines

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B 16/B 16M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (e) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification establishes the requirements for free-cutting brass rod, bar, wire, and shapes of any specified cross section produced from Copper Alloy UNS No. C36000 suitable for high-speed screw machining applications and moderate thread rolling.

1.2 Units—Values stated in either inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards: ²

B 249/B 249M Specification for General Requirements for Wrought Copper and Copper-Alloy Rod, Bar, Shapes, and Forgings
B 250/B 250M Specification for General Requirements for Wrought Copper-Alloy Wire
B 601 Practice for Temper Designations for Copper and Copper Alloys—Wrought and Cast
E 8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials
E 8M Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials [Metric]
E 18 Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness and Rockwell Superficial Hardness of Metallic Materials

E 478 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper Alloys

3. General Requirements

3.1 The following sections of Specifications B 249/B 249M (rod, bar, and shapes), and B 250/B 250M (wrought copper alloy wire) constitute a part of this specification.

3.1.1 Terminology,
3.1.2 Materials and Manufacture,
3.1.3 Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance,
3.1.4 Sampling,
3.1.5 Number of Tests and Retest,
3.1.6 Specimen Preparation,
3.1.7 Test Methods,
3.1.8 Significance of Numerical Limits,
3.1.9 Inspection,
3.1.10 Rejection and Rehearing,
3.1.11 Certification,
3.1.12 Mill Test Report,
3.1.13 Packaging and Package Marking, and
3.1.14 Supplementary Requirements.

3.2 In addition, when a section with a title identical to those referenced in 3.1 appears in this specification, it contains additional requirements that supplement those appearing in Specifications B 249/B 249M and B 250/B 250M.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Include the following information when placing orders for product under this specification, as applicable:

4.1.1 ASTM specification designation and year of issue (B 16/B 16M – XX).

4.1.2 Copper Alloy UNS No. designation (C36000, see Section 6 and Table 1).

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TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements
Copper Alloy UNS No. C36000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Composition, %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Copper</td>
<td>60.0 - 63.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead</td>
<td>2.5 - 3.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iron, max</td>
<td>0.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc</td>
<td>remainder</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.

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4.1.3 Temper (see Section 7 and Tables 2-5).

4.1.4 Product cross section form (for example, round, hexagonal, square, etc.).

4.1.5 Dimensions (see Section 9).

4.1.6 How furnished: straight lengths or coils (see 5.2).

4.1.7 Edge contours (see Section 9).

4.1.8 Quantity; total weight, footage, or number of pieces for each size.

4.1.9 When product is purchased for applications requiring thread rolling (see 1.1, Tables 2-5).

4.1.10 When product is purchased for agencies of the U.S. Government (see Section 11).

4.2 The following options are available and shall be specified at the time of placing the order when required:

4.2.1 Tensile test for product ½ in. [12 mm] and over (see 8.2.1).

4.2.2 Certification (refer to Specifications B 249/B 249M or B 250/B 250M).

4.2.3 Mill Test Report (refer to Specifications B 249/B 249M or B 250/B 250M).

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 Material—The material of manufacture shall be a cast billet of Copper Alloy UNS No. C36000 of such purity and soundness as to be suitable for hot extrusion into rod, bar, wire, and shaped products.

5.1.1 In the event that heat identification or traceability is required, the purchaser shall specify the details desired.

NOTE 1—Due to the discontinuous nature of the processing of castings into wrought products, it is not always practical to identify a specific casting analysis with a specific quantity of finished material.

5.2 Manufacture—Product produced under this specification shall be in straight lengths; however, it shall be furnished in coils when so specified in the contract or purchase order (see 4.1.6).

6. Chemical Composition

6.1 The product shall conform to the chemical compositional requirements specified in Table 1 for Copper Alloy UNS No. C36000.

6.2 The UNS designated composition limits do not preclude the possible presence of other unnamed elements; however, analysis shall be made regularly only for the minor elements listed in Table 1, plus either copper or zinc, or plus all major elements except one. The major element that is not analyzed shall be determined by difference between the sum of those elements analyzed and 100 %. By agreement between producer or supplier and purchaser, analysis may be required and limits established for the elements not cited. Percentage content of elements shown as “remainder” (rem.) is calculated by difference.
### TABLE 3 Tensile Requirements, SI

**NOTE**—See Table 2 for inch-pound values.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Temper Designation</th>
<th>Diameter or Distance Between Parallel Surfaces, mm</th>
<th>Tensile Strength, min, MPa</th>
<th>Yield Strength at 0.5% Extension Under Load, min, MPa</th>
<th>Elongation, min, %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rod and Wire</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O60</td>
<td>soft anneal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>25 and under</td>
<td>330</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>over 25 to 50, incl.</td>
<td>305</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>over 50</td>
<td>275</td>
<td>105</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H02</td>
<td>half-hard</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12 and under</td>
<td>395</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>over 12 to 25, incl.</td>
<td>380C</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>over 25 to 50, incl.</td>
<td>345</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>over 50 to 100, incl. and over 100</td>
<td>310</td>
<td>105</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>50 and under</td>
<td>275</td>
<td>105</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H04</td>
<td>hard</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1.6 to 4, incl.</td>
<td>550</td>
<td>310</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>over 4 to 12, incl.</td>
<td>480</td>
<td>240</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>over 12 to 18, incl.</td>
<td>450</td>
<td>205</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Bar</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Name</td>
<td>Thickness, mm</td>
<td>Width, in.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O60</td>
<td>soft anneal</td>
<td>25 and under</td>
<td>150 and under</td>
<td>305</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>over 25</td>
<td>150 and under</td>
<td>275</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>105</td>
<td>20</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H02</td>
<td>half-hard</td>
<td>12 and under</td>
<td>25 and under</td>
<td>345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>over 25 to 160, incl.</td>
<td>250 and under</td>
<td>310</td>
<td>115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>50 and under</td>
<td>310</td>
<td>115</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>over 50 to 150, incl.</td>
<td>275</td>
<td>105</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>over 50 to 100, incl.</td>
<td>275</td>
<td>105</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^A\) In any case, a minimum gage length of 25 mm shall be used. SI elongation values are based on a gage length of 5.65 times the square root of the area for dimensions greater than 2.5 mm.

\(^B\) For product furnished in coils the elongation shall be 4% min.

\(^C\) If product is specified for thread rolling applications, the minimum tensile strength shall be 350 MPa.

### TABLE 4 Rockwell Hardness Requirements, inch-pound

**NOTE** 1—See Table 5 for SI values.

**NOTE** 2—Rockwell hardness requirements are not established for diameters less than ½ in.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Temper Designation</th>
<th>Diameter of Distance Between Parallel Surfaces, in.</th>
<th>Rockwell B Hardness Determined on the Cross Section Midway Between Surface and Center</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rod and Wire</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>Round</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O60</td>
<td>soft anneal</td>
<td>½ and over</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H02</td>
<td>half-hard</td>
<td>½ to 1, incl.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>over 1 to 2, incl.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>over 2 to 3, incl.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>over 3 to 4, incl.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>over 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Bar</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>Thickness, in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O60</td>
<td>soft anneal</td>
<td>½ and over</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H02</td>
<td>half-hard</td>
<td>½ and under</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>½ and under</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>over ½ to 2, incl.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>over 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^A\) If product is specified for thread rolling application, the Rockwell B hardness shall be 55–75.
6.3 When all elements in Table 1 are analyzed, their sum shall be 99.5 % min.

7. Temper

7.1 Tempers, as defined in Practice B 601, identified in Tables 2-5 for product produced under this specification, are as follows:

7.1.1 O60 (soft anneal).
7.1.2 H02 (half-hard).
7.1.3 H04 (hard).

7.2 Rod and bar shall be furnished in the H02 (half hard) temper, unless otherwise specified in the ordering information (see 4.1.3).

8. Mechanical Property Requirements

8.1 Rockwell Hardness:

8.1.1 Product ½ in. [12 mm], and over in diameter or distance between parallel surfaces, shall conform with the requirements given in Table 4 and Table 5 for temper, size, and form when tested in accordance with Test Methods E18.

8.1.1.1 Rockwell hardness shall be the acceptance criterion for sizes ½ in. [12 mm], or greater, based upon mechanical properties, except when tensile requirements are specified as the acceptance criteria in the ordering information.

8.2 Tensile Requirements:

8.2.1 When tensile requirements are specified, the product shall conform to the requirements given in Table 2 and Table 3 for temper, size, and form.

8.2.1.1 Tensile requirements shall be the acceptance criteria of mechanical properties for product under ½ in. [12 mm] in diameter or distance between parallel surfaces when tested in accordance with Test Methods E8 or E8M.

8.2.1.2 When specified in the ordering information, tensile requirements shall be the acceptance criteria based upon mechanical properties for product ½ in. [12 mm], or greater in diameter or distance between parallel planes when tested in accordance with Test Methods E8 or E8M.

8.3 Shapes—Mechanical property requirements for shapes shall be subject to agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser and the agreement shall be part of that contract or purchase order.


9.1 The dimensions and tolerances for bar, rod and shapes produced under this specification shall be as specified in the following tables and paragraphs in Specification B 249/B 249M.

9.1.1 Diameter or Distance Between Parallel Surfaces:
9.1.1.1 Rod in Length—See Table 1.
9.1.1.2 Bar, Rectangular and Square—See Tables 8 and 10.
9.1.2 Shapes—Dimensional tolerances shall be subject to agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser and the agreement shall be part of the contract or purchase order.

9.1.3 Length:
9.1.3.1 Rod, Bar, and Shapes—See Tables 13 and 14.
9.1.4 Edge Contours—Refer to the subsection titled “Edge Contours” and Figs. 1, 2, and 3.
9.1.5 Straightness:
9.1.5.1 Rod Bar, and Shapes—See Table 16.

10. Test Methods

10.1 Chemical Analysis:
10.1.1 Chemical composition shall, in case of disagreement, be determined as follows:
10.2 Test method(s) to be followed for the determination of other element(s) resulting from contractual or purchaser order agreement shall be as agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser.


11.1 Product purchased for agencies of the U.S. Government, when specified in the contract or purchase order, shall conform to the special Supplementary Requirements section in Specifications B 249/B 249M (rod, bar, and shapes) and B 250/B 250M (wire).

### SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Committee B05 has identified the location of selected changes to this standard since the last issue (B 16/B 16M − 00) that may impact its use. (approved Mar. 1, 2005)

1. Scope—Added section 1.3 Safety caveat.
3. Mechanical Property Requirements—Revised Table 2 and Table 4 and added Table 3 and Table 5 to delineate inch–pound and SI mechanical property requirements.
4. Dimensions—Added section 9.1.5 Straightness

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